



MONDAY EVENING, APRIL 7, 1902

PRESIDENT KRUGER of the Transvaal Republic forfeited the respect of many sympathizers of the Boers' cause when he left his distracted country and sought shelter for himself in Europe while his people were fighting for their homes. It will be remembered also that Kruger's wife, whom he left in South Africa, died while he was still away. The feeling of resentment toward the Krugers will be in no wise assuaged when it is learned that Casper Kruger, the eldest son of President Kruger, and twenty-four other relatives bearing the same family name, are among those who have recently taken the oath of allegiance to Great Britain. Men who are not true to their cause, though it be lost, cannot be true to themselves, and deserve neither respect nor sympathy from others.

THE LYNNING of a colored man named Carter in Amherst county, last Saturday, has added another to the already too-long list of victims of mob vengeance which has besmirched the history of Virginia during the past few years. It was the first since Governor Montague was inaugurated. There may have been extenuation in some of the cases where the law was not allowed to take its course, though but little can be urged as excuses for Saturday night's scenes. The would-be assassin had been arrested and his victim, a white man named Thomas, was convalescing. There was no need of rashness under the circumstances. It is high time people of the Old Dominion were desisting from such acts. As law-abiding citizens they should let the courts mete out justice.

A DISPATCH from Washington says, "President Roosevelt is considering the names of half a score of politicians in connection with the pension commission. He is anxious to find a man to whom the Grand Army can interpose no objections." If this is true, and the forced retirement from office of Commissioner Evans indicates its correctness, it but shows how even some Presidents, to secure votes, or keep from losing them, will sacrifice their independence and manhood. The President made a bad break when he yielded to the demands of the G. A. R. and forced Commissioner Evans from the office he had well and efficiently filled. He will make a worse one if he fills the vacancy at the dictation of the G. A. R.

LEAVING out of the question entirely the right or wrong of the Governor's veto of the Congressional reapportionment bill, the fact remains that the failure to redistrict the State rests with the legislature. The body was in session long enough to have prepared one hundred reapportionment bills, but the one it did agree upon was not passed until a few days before it finally adjourned. It was then passed by a large majority, and if the members who voted for it and wanted it to become a law had stayed in Richmond till the adjournment of the legislature as they should have done, they could have easily passed the measure over the Governor's veto.

CONGRESS continues weekly to pass hundreds of private pension bills which take thousands of dollars out of the public treasury to pay pensions to men whose records are so bad that even under the liberal pension laws they can not meet the requirements of the pension office. The government pension roll has long since ceased to be a roll of honor and in the scramble for gain, many who are legally entitled to receive pensions, in the hope of getting more money, are willing to let those who are known to have been bomb proofs, bounty jumpers and deserters, be placed upon the rolls with them.

THE Virginia editors now have a surcease of publishing and their patrons of reading the proceedings of the State constitutional convention and legislature, and doubtless all are gratified. For the editor to daily wade through the mass of verbiage in the proceedings of the two bodies and culled therefrom the gist, was time taking and laborious, while doubtless many of the readers wearied even of seeing the head lines. The same space devoted to snake stories will probably be as interesting and as profitable to the average reader.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Washington, D. C., April 7. The departure of the President for Charleston, has caused an exodus of Virginia politicians from this city, as they know there will be nothing doing in their line till his return. Ex-Congressman Bowen, the organization referee, in Virginia, has returned to Norfolk. Before leaving he said there would be no appointments of postmasters for Portsmouth, Richmond, Petersburg, Culpeper, Lynchburg or Ashland before next week, as President Roosevelt will be away from Washington this week.

United States to South Carolina since the civil war began today. The President, Mrs. Roosevelt and two Cabinet officers and others left here on a special train this evening to attend the Charleston Exposition.

Mr. Thayer, democrat, of Massachusetts, today introduced a resolution into the House aimed at the "beef trust." There is reported to be a combination of the leading meat producers to control trade to the amount of \$6,000,000 annually; that such combination is for the purpose of restraining trade and raising prices; that it is apportioning territory and obtaining rebates from railroads. The resolution calls on the Attorney General to inform the House what steps have been taken to investigate the charge and to prosecute the violators of the law.

The President today sent to the Senate the nomination of Charles Herdlicka, of the District of Columbia, to be Consul at Callao, Peru.

An effort was under way this afternoon to obtain enough signatures to a petition calling for a democratic caucus to be held tomorrow to decide on the unanimous action of the minority in the matter of the Cuba reciprocity bill. The democrats are not united on the subject, however, as at 4 p. m. the number of signatures obtained was insufficient. Chairman Payne, of the ways and means committee admits that it will require democratic votes to pass the bill, but he declares that there will be enough of them to make passages of the bill certain.

The special committee of which Mr. Dail is chairman, today continued the investigation of the charges made by Capt. Christmas in a report to the Danish Government that he had bribed Americans to promote the sale of the Danish West Indies. Senator Dewey, of New York, was the first witness. He said: "I don't believe I know Capt. Christmas. I never conferred with any one concerning the sale of the islands." Charles W. Knox, of Glenelg, Md., said he met Christmas and advised him to see Senator Lodge, with regard to the sale of the islands. A contract was entered into that Knox was to receive \$350 a month while engaged in furthering the enterprise and \$15,000 if the sale went through.

Later, he said, Christmas entered into objectionable contracts and Knox washed his hands of the entire matter. There was no understanding with Christmas that he, Knox, was to bribe anybody. He got no money from Christmas. Their only financial transaction was a gift of a \$5 check by Knox to Christmas, who was in need of money. All he had done, Knox said, was to get the views of Senators as to the prospects of the proposed sale. Senator Bacon denied Christmas's allegation that he had promised to use his best endeavors to bring about the purchase. "So far from that," he explained, "I was opposed to the purchase and am now." There was no discussion between them, he said, as to the sale of the islands. I. N. Seligman, the New York banker, who is mentioned in the Christmas report as the banker who was to finance his dealings here, appeared before the committee to explain his firm's connection with the matter. The matter was after some deliberation dropped by the committee. There was never any money transaction between them. The committee then adjourned, subject to the call of the chair.

Mr. Joseph Button, secretary of the Virginia constitutional convention and also clerk of the Senate of his State, is here today. He says the matter of the veto of the Governor of the Congressional reapportionment bill will certainly be taken to the courts. The Virginia Congressmen are divided in their opinions as to what would be the result if the matter were got into the courts. Some say the Governor's veto has complicated matters, and think that the republicans may take advantage of the situation that may arise. In the matter of the new constitution Mr. Button says he cannot tell whether it will be proclaimed or submitted, and that this will not be known till the members of the convention who are now at home sounding their constituents have had more time in that direction. The impression among the Virginia Congressmen is that if the constitution is submitted, and some of them think it will be, it will be defeated by the vote of the people.

A motion to dismiss for lack of jurisdiction the "Maria Teresa" prize money case of the United States against Rear Admiral Sampson, was lost in the Supreme Court today. This decision sustains the jurisdiction of the lower courts and the case will be finally settled by the Supreme Court.

Attorney General Stratton of the State of Washington today in the United States Supreme Court entered a motion for leave to file a bill of complaint against the Northern Securities Company in behalf of his State. The briefs were accepted by the court. Former Attorney General of the United States John W. Griggs appeared for the Securities Company. This is the case of merger which the State of Minnesota tried to enjoin, but which action was denied that State by the Supreme Court on the ground that one of the railroad companies in the deal was a citizen of that State.

The statement was made by Senator Rawlins before the Senate committee on the Philippines that the civil governor and other officials of the province of Iloilo, together with a major of volunteers, who had made a report containing serious charges against the military administration in that province, had been thrown into prison two days ago because of resentment against that report. After debate a resolution was adopted directing the Secretary of War to send to the committee the report of the civil governor of Iloilo, and, when received, any report or statement that he is arranging to make. The committee adjourned until 10:30 tomorrow morning.

Senator Hanna denies that he has sent a certified check to Havana for \$100,000 to be used as bail for E. G. Rathbone. He says, however, that he is arranging to have that bill furnished and it is understood that Mr. Hanna will go on the bond.

Senator Clark, of Montana, says he is not engaged to Miss Davis, of Kentucky, nor to any other Kentucky lady and that the reports that he intends shortly to marry are without foundation.

The conferees of the House and Senate on the war revenue repeal bill have come to an understanding. The House will in consideration the bill to create a new department of commerce and labor. A conclusion was reached to amend the bill in conformity with the wishes of the American Federation of Labor people, who opposed as much of the bill as makes labor a part of the government. The Senate will be allowed to stand but references to labor as part of the same were eliminated. It was decided to make the national bureau of stand-

ards a bureau of the new department and to allow the life saving service and commissioner of navigation to remain where they are now, under the Treasury Department.

The House committee on interstate and foreign commerce, continuing consideration of the bill to create a department of commerce, this afternoon decided to create a bureau of insurance as part of the new department.

The suit of Rear Admiral Rogers, coming from the court of claims, for extra pay under the provisions of the "avy personnel act," appellant claiming \$3,346 balance of salary during the time he was of the lower grade in the grade of rear admiral, was decided today in the Supreme Court of the United States, against him.

Senator Daniel was at the Capitol today but up to one o'clock he did not appear on the floor of the Senate. He is busy, however, looking after his senatorial duties.

The mild weather of today increased the attendance at the Benning races and there is little question that the present meeting of the Washington Jockey Club will prove the most successful in the history of the association.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The New York police yesterday closed the saloons in that city for the first Sunday in five years.

The executors of Cecil Rhodes' will, all of them wealthy men, will divide about \$7,000,000 among themselves.

Careful computation gives the total strength of the scattered Boer commandos at between 8,000 and 9,000 men.

Mrs. Carrie Nation was on Saturday smashed in the face in Nebraska City, Neb., by a bartender in a saloon where she had threatened to demolish things generally.

At Boyne City, Mich., yesterday evening, the frame dwelling of Dr. Boyne, occupied by two families, was totally destroyed, and four persons were burned to death.

Bossig Palace, a stately edifice, adjoining the palace of Prince von Pless, in Berlin, has been offered for sale to the United States government as a building for the accommodation of the United States embassy.

Commissioner John Barrett, of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition, says the fair may have to be postponed because of the foreign governments declining that they cannot complete preparations to be creditably represented in 1903.

The Episcopal House of Bishops will meet in Cincinnati on the 15th inst. Bishops of Salina (western Kansas), Honolulu, and of Porto Rico are to be elected, and the question of the admission of the Mexican Episcopal Church will be considered.

While President Loubet was driving to the Elysee Palace yesterday morning, a man named Sijmone, carrying a revolver, approached his carriage and exclaimed: "I demand justice!" Sijmone was immediately arrested. He appears to be weak-minded.

Henry Wilson, a noted negro desperado, was hanged at Sumterville, S. C., yesterday for the murder of Lee Graham, a prominent young white man. Great crowds witnessed the execution, but there was no violence, as had been anticipated, from the fact that a previous effort had been made to lynch the negro.

The struggle of the crowds that gathered at Ibrox Park at Glasgow on Saturday to witness the last international association football contest between teams from England and Scotland caused the collapse of a portion of one of the spectators' terraces, resulting in the death of 21 persons and the injury of 250 others.

Reports from Lexington, Ky., state that the Blue Grass Commonwealth is on the brink of a financial panic that is likely to affect thousands of its poorer citizens. Recently the Government refused the use of the mails to a dozen or more investment concerns, and since that time many have failed. The companies have collected more than \$3,000,000, with promise to pay three for one invested.

A magnificent and impressive ceremony in celebration of the twenty-fifth anniversary of Pope Leo's reign was conducted yesterday by Cardinal Martinelli and Cardinal Gibbons at the cathedral in Baltimore. A chorus of over five hundred voices sang the "Te Deum." The procession which preceded the mass was a most imposing ecclesiastical function.

LYNNING IN AMHERST.

James Carter, a young negro who shot and seriously wounded Mr. Don Thomas, near New Glasgow, in Amherst county, yesterday night, was taken to jail at Amherst Court house Saturday night just before midnight and lynchd, a short distance from the village. The deed was very quietly and expeditiously done. Between 11 and 12 o'clock a party of men estimated at about 200, and supposed to have come from the neighborhood of Clifton, seven miles away, where Mr. Thomas lives, rode into the town of Amherst. All were masked or had their faces blackened. The mob waited until Jailer John Jones left the jail for his home, and then three or four of the leaders of the lynching party stopped him a short distance from the building and demanded that he return to the jail and unlock it. At first he refused, but was finally compelled by their threats to give up the keys. They went to the jail, where Carter and three other prisoners were confined, secured the negro, unlocked the doors, and returned the keys to the jailer. So quietly were all these proceedings carried out that but few people in the town were aware of what was going on until Sunday morning. After securing their prisoner, the masked men took him to a point half a mile north of the village and hanged him to a tree by the roadside. After Carter was pulled up, thirty-five bullets were fired into his body. The body remained hanging on the tree until 10 o'clock yesterday morning.

The shooting of Mr. Thomas occurred on Thursday night at his home at Clifton, seven miles from Amherst Court House, and near New Glasgow. An outburst on the farm of T. C. Payne, near by, was burned on Thursday night, and it is believed that Mr. Thomas accused Carter of setting it on fire. That night the negro went to Mr. Thomas' house, called him out, and fired on him. The first shot took effect in the left breast just above the heart. Mr. Thomas got back into his house and fastened the door, but the negro burst it open and fired two more shots, one inflicting a slight flesh wound in the mouth. Mr. Thomas is reported to be doing well and is expected to recover.

James E. Whitfield, sporting editor of the Kansas City Star and president of the Western Baseball League, committed suicide this morning at his home in Kansas City, Mo., by shooting himself.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

Congressman De Armond, of Missouri, will be the orator at the commencement of the Virginia Military Institute in June.

Frank and George Willard became involved in a quarrel while at a dance near Roanoke on Saturday and fired at each other, both being badly hurt.

In Carroll county on Saturday, in a deadly quarrel and fight between Floyd and Guy Dalton, brothers, the latter, after being seriously wounded, shot and killed Floyd.

Rev. John McNabb, of Fairfax county, has been invited to become rector of Episcopal churches in Westmoreland. Mr. McNabb was for some years prior to going to Fairfax rector of the Episcopal churches in King George.

The skeleton of a man was found near the James river at Howardsville yesterday which is believed to be the remains of Capt. E. A. Whitaker, who lost his life in the landslide near Lynchburg, together with several other trainmen in December last.

The entries for the point-to-point races of the Warrenton Hunt Club, which will take place Wednesday, April 9, closed last week, and the entries are larger than at any previous annual meet. The season promises to be a most interesting one, and will be attended by prominent horsemen from all the principal cities in the East.

The revision committee of the constitutional convention will hold its first meeting on Monday, April 14, when it is thought that the subcommittee is ready to report to the full committee. The final revision committee is composed of the following members: Anderson of Rockbridge, Daniel, Cameron, Moore, of Fairfax, Gregory, Boas, Greer, Jones of King and Queen, Wyner, Brooke, Doris, Watson, Barton, Bouldin and Meredith, and Clerk B. L. Hawkins.

The most sensational episode of the Richmond municipal campaign occurred Saturday night at a monster meeting at the Masonic Temple. Capt. McCarthy, one of the mayoralty candidates, in the midst of a discussion of the corrupt use of money, used the names of Police Commissioner Manning and two other men. Manning rushed up the aisle in front of the speaker, shook his fist and denounced him as "an infamous liar." There was great excitement. McCarthy made no reply. Upon demand of members, Manning apologized to the audience, but not to McCarthy.

METHODIST PROTESTANTS.

In the Methodist Protestant Conference at Centerville, Md., on Saturday, Rev. R. K. Lewis read the report of the committee on the president's report. It recommended that the name of S. F. Juster be stricken from the list. The paragraph concerning the ministerial supply was referred to the committee on itinerancy.

The following were elected officers of the local association: F. T. Little, B. F. Benson, B. F. Mayer, J. A. Weiland, S. W. Coe, elected president, first and second vice presidents, treasurer and secretary, respectively.

The delegates of Pocomoke City then submitted a resolution providing that the time of meeting for the Maryland Annual Conference be changed from April to the first week in October.

The resolution was lost and the date of the next meeting was fixed for the first Wednesday in April. A sharp exchange of words took place between Revs. F. T. Tagg and J. B. Jones during this discussion.

C. C. Baker reported at the afternoon session that \$194.25 was the amount of the superannuated fund. The report of the faculty on instruction was then taken up and adopted by items. A number of the young men were passed into higher classes in the theological course. The report also made it conditional upon all ministerial students to spend at least three years in the Maryland Conference if their services are needed.

At 2:40 p. m., the conference gave way to the Church-Extension Society. The report of the treasurer and the board of managers were submitted and adopted. The Society elected these officers: Rev. J. M. Gill, president; R. S. Roe, first vice president; J. W. Kirk, second vice president; F. A. Holland, secretary; P. Harry Bartlett, treasurer; board of managers, W. J. Napier, J. S. Bowers, T. O. Crouse, F. H. Lewis, M. T. McGinnis, F. M. Warner, T. A. Murray, T. Harry Bartlett. The treasurer reported a balance in the church extension fund of \$380.69.

The conference at 3 p. m., resumed its session. The conference on superannuation was reported. In accordance with the rules, the report was laid on the table for 23 hours. The amount paid out of the superannuated fund during the last conference year was \$4,000.

The committee on temperance then reported as follows: "Your committee on temperance beg leave to report that notwithstanding the espousal of the saloon in some form by men exalted in the literary and religious world, exciting a peculiar sense of strange and unexpected danger, we hail with feelings of profound gratitude to God the growing sentiment, and the more solid basis upon which this sentiment rests—love to humanity, God and the Christ. Recent developments in the city of New York have done much to give the people at large knowledge of the real purpose and strength of the liquor forces. A certain secular newspaper of the city of Baltimore affecting the liquor question presented to the legislature on the last day of its session 27 were disposed of in a manner favorable to the cause of temperance. And the present status of the army canteen question and the favorable attitude of men in army circles are sources of exalted hope. While we would commend and every agency having for its purpose the overthrow of the liquor business, we believe and hope it is the place, the minister, the man and the gospel the power by which men are to be saved from inebriety, the traffic dealer and the world redeemed from this great blight. We also record our conviction that by the continued, earnest, faithful preaching of the gospel of our Lord and Master responsive chords in the hearts of our people will be touched, and they will soon see to it that the strong arm of the law, which has so long upheld this monstrous upon the body politic, shall cast it away and stamp it out of existence. We, therefore, urge the ministers to preach the word, to be united in season and out of season. We extend the hand of fellowship to the W. C. T. U. and bid them goodspeed. We unhesitatingly condemn any effort to discontinue the quarterly temperance lesson in the international series."

After the reading of the report conference adjourned until today.

TO-DAY'S TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Foreign News.

Berlin, April 7.—Kaiser Wilhelm will visit Emperor Franz Josef, at Vienna, some time during September.

Odessa, Russia, April 7.—Recent earthquakes have changed the bottom of the Black and Caspian seas and have rendered them dangerous to navigation. A new survey of the bottom of both bodies of water has been necessitated.

Glasgow, April 7.—No further deaths are reported as a result of the appalling accident at the International football match at Ibrox Park on Saturday, when one of the grand stands collapsed, burying several hundred in the debris. The injured, who number over 200, are reported to be progressing favorably.

London, April 7.—The House of Commons reassembled this afternoon, after the Easter holiday recess. The interest centres in the actions of John Redmond, the nationalist leader, whose whip of his followers would seem to indicate renewed interest during the session. The activity will probably open with a question regarding the suspension of John Dillon, recently, for calling Colonial Secretary Chamberlain "damned liar." When the session opened Mr. Balfour, the government leader, said, in reply to a question, that he had no information regarding peace negotiations in South Africa to give to the House. Replying to Mr. Redmond, Mr. Balfour declined to discuss Dillon's suspension.

London, April 7.—Lord Kitchener, in the course of an official casualty report, received at the War Office today, announced the death of Commandant Erasmus, the well-known Boer leader, who was killed in an engagement with Col. Pilcher's column near Boshof on April 3.

Alleged British Atrocities.

Amsterdam, April 7.—Ex-President Kruger has received from General Delarey, the Boer leader, harrowing stories of cruelties perpetrated by the British. The stories are said to be supported by affidavits. General Delarey says that Boer women were placed, as a human screen, around the British as a protection against his attacks. He declares that a number of Boer women have been wantonly killed. Delarey's own wife, according to his reports, has been persecuted by General Lord Methuen's orders for the past twelve months, and is now wandering about the veldt with her six children. Delarey's mother, 83 years old, he declares, has been driven from Klerksdorp after being robbed of all her cattle and her house burned. The Boer General then enumerates specific cases of defenceless women who were shot, and speaks of the cold blooded murder of prisoners.

Patrick Sentenced.

New York, April 7.—Albert T. Patrick, convicted of the murder of millionaire William Marsh Rice, was sentenced today by Recorder Goff to be electrocuted at Sing Sing in the week beginning May 1st. District Attorney Jerome, as soon as Recorder Goff entered the court, asked that the sentence be pronounced. Recorder Goff asked the prisoner if he had anything to say why sentence should not be passed. Fred House, one of Patrick's counsel, arose and made a motion for a new trial on eight grounds. The motion was denied. House then asked for an arrest of judgment which was also denied. Recorder Goff then pronounced the sentence on Patrick.

The Brewers' Strike.

Boston, April 7.—The master brewers are today making an effort to break the strike. They have advertised for old and new employees and have opened their doors to all comers. The employers have decided to reinstate at the old wage rate all former employees who return within two days. If after Wednesday next the men refuse to return the vacancies will be filled by non-union men. After Wednesday the fight will be declared on in earnest.

A DESPERATE NEGRO.

Three men are dead, three mortally wounded, and four seriously wounded as the result of Sheriff Gassaway attempting yesterday to arrest Will Reynolds, a desperate negro in Tusculum, Ala. The negro was armed with a Winchester rifle. He was in his turn riddled and thrown into the Sheriff Gassaway went to negro settlement, "Kardtown." Saturday morning to arrest Will Reynolds for obtaining goods under false pretense. The officer was met by the negro, who opened fire with his rifle, wounding the sheriff, and immediately firing upon the deputy, Will Gassaway, who was some 300 yards away, mortally wounding him. As soon as possible every man in town who could procure a gun was in the neighborhood, but owing to the location none dared to venture within the open space. Dynamite was procured, and the house in which the negro was barricaded was fired upon, but to no effect. At 1 o'clock Captain Simpson, of the Wheeler Rifles, arrived with twelve guns and 1,000 cartridges which were distributed among twelve picked men. This company was then fired around the house and riddled it, but the negro refused to take refuge in the cellar and returned to the fire, killing one man and wounding another. Coal oil was then procured, and after four hours of hard work, the houses adjoining that in which the negro was located, were fired. About 8 o'clock the house in which the negro was located was fired by the Wheeler Rifles, who had arrived on the scene. The negro took refuge in a shed and opened fire, killing one man and wounding another, but the people and some militiamen riddled the negro and the crowd, numbering 1,000, grabbed the body and threw it in the burning building. Rifle-seekers cut off the negro's fingers and such parts of the body as could be procured. Three houses were burned in the effort to reach the negro. Several horses were killed in the battle. The excitement yesterday was intense, but there is no fear of an uprising among the negroes.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup will cure a Cough or Cold at once. Conquer Croup, Whooping Cough and Measle Cough without all the fuss and bother of other remedies. It cures Croup, Whooping Cough, Consumption and Lung Affections. Gives quick, sure results. Price 25c Sold by Richard Gibson and all druggists.

DIED.

On April 5, at 1:15 p. m., FRANK, son of Mr. and Mrs. William Mayhugh.

A precious one from us has gone, A voice beloved is still; A place is vacant in our home Which never can be filled.

Gone, but not forgotten.

By His MOTHER AND FATHER.

The funeral took place at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

DRY GOODS.

LANSBURGH & BRO.,

Washington's Favorite Store.

Business Hours 8 a. m. to 6 p. m. Saturdays 9 o'clock.

Specials in Washable Fabrics.

We invite your inspection of the new weaves and exquisite new shadings in this stock of washable fabrics; especially attractive:

Swiss Silk, a pretty sheer fabric, with a mercerized lace stripe, in plain colors and all the newest printings; a good value at 25c; only one lot left. 18c

Silk Mousseline de Soie, 30 inches wide, in pink, maize, white, blue, red, 39c

Mercerized Regence, a new weave and just the fabric for shirt waist suits, in three exclusive designs and solid colors of pink, light blue, navy and black; 50-cent value, only 35c

Silk Embroidered Albatross, the newest fabric this season for waist or dress; colors are light blue, pink, red, navy, maize 50c

Wash Goods Department—Eight Street Annex.

Free Daily Deliveries to Alexandria.

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WASHINGTON, D. C.

FIFTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS.

Washington, D. C., April 7.

SENATE.

Mr. Hoar and Tillman were on the floor of the Senate this morning, after a week's absence.

When the conference report on the war revenue bill was laid before the Senate, Mr. Jones and Mr. Berry denounced the proposed tax on bucket shops. They declared that the Senate should insist upon the tax.

Mr. Tillman thought that if the big fish had been let go, then the small fish should not be bothered.

Mr. Aldrich declared that the bucket shop amendment was unfortunately open to several constructions. In view of this he did not believe that safety of the bill should be jeopardized by holding out for a provision that might not stand the test.

Mr. Allison declared that in conference the Senate conferees had advanced innumerable propositions looking to an agreement even to the reduction of the proposed tax one half. The House conferees emphatically declined to accept the amendment in any form.

HOUSE.

The House today in committee of the whole resumed consideration of the Chinese exclusion bill.

An effort was made to extend the rights of the privileged classes to Chinese buyers. This motion was lost by an overwhelming vote. Numerous other amendments were offered which provided for a further opening of the door but they were all voted down. The House showed a disposition to curtail rather than extend the privilege of entry to this country.

RACE WAR.

A race war is imminent in Lawton, Okla. Recently the whites refused the use of the ballot to the blacks, which aroused considerable bad feeling. It has resulted in forty of the blacks being driven from the town. Armed with Winchester, they have been re-entranced to the number of three hundred, and are mobilizing near Fort Sill with the intention of attacking the whites. The citizens of Lawton have asked for troops, claiming that the city police cannot handle the trouble. A number of citizens have volunteered as special officers. In the light which took place along the Rock Island tracks early yesterday one negro, George Fitzgerald, was seriously injured by being hit in the head with a pick-axe. He has been removed to his home and should die the negroes claim they must be accorded the right of shooting his murderer, a young white fellow, or they will take the town.

BANKS ROBBER.—The State bank at Ruskin, Neb., was robbed of \$18,000 in cash at midnight Friday night. The robbers, supposed to be five in number, gained entrance to the bank by prying up a window and then opening the front doors of the building. Nitroglycerin was used to blow the safe. The noise aroused the inhabitants in time to see three of the robbers making off. Bloodhounds were secured and took up the trail of the robbers who, however, eluded capture.

Robbers entered the bank of Pennington, La., early Saturday morning, wrecked the safe with dynamite and secured \$3,200. The force of the explosion caused one end of the bank building to collapse, and the noise aroused citizens who appeared on the street just in time to see the two robbers running in the distance.

Town sergeant Shirley, of Warrenton, on Saturday arrested Lucy Paller, colored, charged with taking the life of her 8-months' old child. The child was discovered in an ice pond on the outskirts of the town Saturday. The woman made a confession, and stated that the crime was committed last Monday.

The Market.

Georgetown, April 7.—Wheat 75a.81.

Wants To Help Others.

"I had stomach trouble all my life," says Edw. Mahler, proprietor of the Union Bottling Works, Erie, Pa., "and tried all kinds of remedies, went to several doctors and spent considerable money trying to get a moment's peace. Finally I read of Kodol Dyspepsia Cure and have been taking it to my great satisfaction. I never found its equal for stomach trouble and gladly recommend it to those who I may help other sufferers." Kodol Dyspepsia Cure cures all stomach troubles. You don't have to diet. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat. For sale by E. S. Leadbeater & Son.

IF YOU want delicious backwash cakes try our MOUNTAIN BUCKWHEAT. It's pure. Looks and tastes like backwash. 3c per lb. W. P. WOOLLS & SONS.

BLUE and AMMONIA—Quart Bottles Blue 10c. Pint Bottles Ammonia 5c. just received by J. C. MILBURN.

FRUIT JARS.—Fruit Jars and Half Gallon Mason's Fruit Jars for sale by J. C. MILBURN.

DRY GOODS.

Woodward & Lothrop

10th, 11th and F Sts., N. W.

High-Class Cotton Fabrics.

Comprising importations from Great Britain, France, Germany, and Switzerland, and the product of the best American looms. So rich and beautiful are many of the cotton novelties that their cost equals silk.

The Foreign.

Scotch Ginghams, 25c per yard.

Woven Tissues, 25c per yard.

Scotch Madras, 30c to 45c per yard.

Mercerized Ginghams, 25c per yard.

Irish and John Anderson's Ginghams, 40c and 45c per yard.

Oxford Cheviots, 40c per yard.

French Percales, 25c per yard.

Woven Mixtures, \$1.25 and \$1.75 per yard.

Silk and Cotton Madras, 50c per yard.

Belgian Dimities, 25c per yard.

Mousseline de Soie, 37c and 50c per yard.

Embroidered and Dotted Swisses, 60c to \$2.00 per yard.

Striped Canton Batiste, with embroidered dots and figures, \$1.25 to \$2.50 per yard.

Greenadines in white and black, black and white, and all black, 60c to 65c per yard.

French Printed Flannels, 60c per yard.

Banana Silks, 50c per yard.

Silk Spot Albatross, 50c per yard.

Silk Spot Pique, 50c per yard.

Ponies de Soie, 50c per yard.

Lace Serpentine Mousseline, 50c per yard.

The Domestic.

Ginghams, 10c and 12c per yard.

Percales, 12c per yard.

Dimities, 10c per yard.

Printed Lawns, 12c per yard.

Dirge Lawns, 12c per yard.

Dot and Stripe, 15c per yard.

Danish Cloth, 12c per yard.

Quitting Flannels, 8c and 10c per yard.

Flannellette, 12c per yard.

Batiste Lawns, extra wide and fine, in plain colors and polka dots, 17c per yard.